

TARIFF REFORM LEADING ISSUE

Representative Richardson of Tennessee Defines Attitude of Both Political Parties.

BANKS GOING REPUBLICAN

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE A "FALSUM FULMEN."

Washington, Feb. 12.—The attitude of the Republican party on the tariff question, and the president's recent special message to congress, in which he called attention to the necessity of certain legislation, were the themes of a lengthy speech in the house today by Mr. Richardson of Alabama.

He cleared up the political atmosphere and forcibly defined the position and views of both of the great political parties on vital political and economic questions. "Tariff reform," said Mr. Richardson, "is the issue that would clarify the political atmosphere. Let us stand for free raw material," he explained, "and the victory is ours."

Broken Republican Pledges.

He charged that on that point the Republican party was weak and stood discredited with the people by its broken pledges. He did not hesitate to say that the tariff will be an issue that appealed to the people more than the Panama canal, the railroads, the currency, the freedom of the Philippines, imperialism or the question of unharmed malefactors so soundly denounced by the president in his last message. The debate of the last week, he said, had demonstrated the "weakness and utter inefficiency of our boasted gold standard financial system."

Party of Soup Houses.

He spoke of the multiplication of soup houses, failing banks and other adversities and reminded the Republicans of their exclamation during the panic of 1893, when a bank failure was reported that "another bank has gone democratic."

Mr. Richardson charged that the banks that failed last fall had gone Republican.

The stand-pat leaders who dictated and directed the policies of the Republican party, he asserted, declared with great earnestness and solemnity that not a single schedule of the Dingley tariff should be revised or considered until after the presidential election, "and then only by its friends."

Not Worthy of Belief.

No sound, sane man, he declared, pretended to believe that and he did not think that the leaders who made such declarations could expect the country to take them seriously. The great trusts of the country, he said, have fallen under the present tariff system and these "friends" were now engaged in a hide-and-seek game to extend the friendly powers of arrogant cooperation and the bines, "by seeking to allay the fears of the consumers by promises so often disregarded in the past few years."

The whole situation was, he said, that the Republican leaders did not believe it to be possible for the country to have revision of the tariff at this time, although he charged, public opinion, supplemented by Republican dissension, "has forced" the reluctant consent to hammer into the next Republican platform a promise to revise after the election."

Roosevelt's Recent Message.

Regarding the president's message, Mr. Richardson said it was in a class by itself and was in response to the criticisms that the newspapers had freely passed upon him and the trustful and unhesitating. Many of the recommendations of that message, he declared, if carried out at once by the party would undoubtedly be of benefit to the country. Mr. Williams, the minority leader, he said, had pointed out that the portions of the message that Democrats could and would cheerfully endorse, but he alleged "the message undoubtedly seeks to make the control of the trusts the paramount issue in the present campaign."

If, he inquired, the president was truly sincere in the trusts, the paramount issue in the present campaign, "why did he not recommend to his party that a guarantee to be given every American citizen, the right to buy at home the products of American manufacturers as cheap as these products are sold in foreign countries?"

Would Solve Trust Problem.

If that was done, he said, the trust problem could be solved. The message, however, he said, was a strong plea for the continuance of the Republican party in power and really made no direct recommendation for the relief of the burdens of the people. "It is, of course, highly sensational," he said, "and stamped in word and every line with the extraordinarily unique and startling personality of the president."

He credited the president with being "an expert in the game of politics," and said that his command of language left him without a rival among the noted public men of the country.

The message as a practical system for the betterment of the country, he said, was a "falsum fulmen," and as a work of statesmanship was a failure.

Hysteria Unnecessary.

The country, he continued, needed a reformer, but there must be no hysteria in such work. It should be deliberate and not sensational. In conclusion, Mr. Richardson said he believed that the "predatory wealth," "predatory poverty," "swollen fortunes" and the "criminal" together with the "trusts" were "evil forces abroad in the land, and they ought to be controlled, and would be "when the true and imperishable Democratic principle, equal rights to all and special favors to none, is handed out as a "square deal to all alike."

RAYNER ATTACKS CURRENCY BILL

Continued from Page 1.

If possible, from the face of the earth. I know that their path has been a path of desolation. I know that they have swept down upon competition like a comorant upon its prey, and have built their thrones upon the wants of penury and the toll of unrequited labor.

"Monopoly is the curse of this country and I take up my line of march, as I have always done, with the attacking party, that will eventually level it to the earth and remove from its deadly grasp the honest business enterprises of the land and the prosperity of the American people. I differ, however, with the president in his method of assault."

Innocent Ought Not to Suffer.

"Malefactors should receive penal punishment and a whole generation of innocent people ought not to suffer for the sins of their oppressors. One day of imprisonment would do the work of a lifetime of suffering, but it can be levied upon the institutions they represent. I differ with the president in his remedies because he has suggested one after another utterly impossible accomplishment by the federal government. The diagnosis of the president is perfectly correct but in most of the instances he cites his remedies are either unlawful or impracticable. From the violent fervor of his utterances there is an idea running through the public mind that he has come to the conclusion that every man engaged in a large business enterprise is a malefactor and that every good citizen of the land ought to spend at least one term in the penitentiary."

Aldrich Tries to Explain.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Rayner's speech, Mr. Aldrich recalled that he had stated that he was in favor of a revision of the banking reserve law, but explained that he did not mean to say the present law or the practice under it was responsible in any sense for the crisis through which the country has recently passed. He said that on Dec. 2 the country banks had in their vaults as a reserve \$248,000,000, and if they had held the amount Senator Rayner argued they should have, the amount would have been \$248,000,000 in gold and legal tender notes. That was in their vaults without regard to what they had in reserve cities, for the bank currency they held.

Mr. Bailey suggested that that was not a fair statement, because for two months prior to Dec. 3 the country banks, being unable to get money from the reserve banks, had been hoarding their money.

Forced to Admit the Fact.

Admitting the truth of this statement, Mr. Aldrich said he believed the reserve was in their vaults in the preceding August.

Mr. Culberson explained that his bill now before the finance committee, to prevent banks from keeping their reserves in other banks, was for the purpose of keeping the money in the vaults of country banks, where it could be used for loans and for moving crops.

A controversy could be used for any purpose even if kept in vaults of the country, Mr. Aldrich maintaining that it could not be taken out, Senator Heyburn, as well as Mr. Culberson, declared that it could be used in an emergency.

Position of Florida Senator.

Senator Tallaferra of Florida, taking offense at what he regarded as a reflection upon Mr. Rayner, declared that his purpose in opposing the reserve provision of the Aldrich bill was to protect the people of his state, and not because of any favoritism toward the national banks.

Referring to his statement that the Florida senator had moved to strike out the Aldrich bill, Mr. Aldrich apologized for having referred to anything that took place at a committee meeting, which, he said, he was prompted to do in a thoughtful moment by the question of the Maryland senator.

RELIGIOUS UNION AGAIN DISCUSSED

Continued from Page 1.

"It is a continuation of a movement that has been going on for some time in England, aiming at union with Rome. The movement existed here before the adoption of the 'open pulpit' canon, but the passage of that canon seems to be hastening it."

"The present movement among Episcopalians in this country is the one Lord Halifax and a great party in England belong to, looking toward reunion with Rome. There can be no question that there is such a movement among the Episcopalians here, and I think a great many Episcopalians will come into the Catholic church individually, and there may be a corporate union."

Rev. Father P. A. Baart.

Marshall, Mich., Feb. 12.—Rev. Father P. A. Baart, one of the recognized authorities in this country on the commercial law of the Roman Catholic church, died today from pneumonia.

Robert W. Hamilton.

Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 12.—Robert W. Hamilton, aged 82 years, designer and constructor of engines for monitors during the civil war, and the oldest hydraulic engineer in this country, died here yesterday.

Charles Anson.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 12.—Charles Anson, local traffic chief of the Western Union Telegraph office, died at St. Vincent's hospital about midnight last night after suffering for a few hours from an attack of apoplexy. Mr. Anson was one of the best known operators in the country.

Dr. H. B. Wing.

Los Angeles, Feb. 12.—Dr. H. B. Wing, assistant chief surgeon of the Santa Fe railroad for many years, died today, after an illness of several weeks.

Your Work.

Do you perform your daily tasks with the old time vigor and energy, or are you becoming dull, listless and indifferent? Perhaps you need a nerve tonic. Palmo Tablets infuse a powerful stimulus to ambition and make you a perfect glutton for work, mental or physical. Use them and note how much younger you will look and feel. 50 cents. Book Free. Address The S. R. Feil Co., Cleveland, O. For sale by F. J. Hill Drug Co.

WORK FOR MORE MEN.

St. Louis, Feb. 12.—The Republic Iron and Steel company, in East St. Louis, Ill., put 500 men to work yesterday, and today announcement was made by the National Shaming and Stamping company that 400 extra men will be given employment in the works of the company at Granite City next Monday.

JUDGE HERRICK GUEST OF HONOR

Lincoln Birthday Celebration Held at National Democratic Club in New York.

New York, Feb. 12.—Three Democratic nominees for the governorship of New York state in past campaigns were guests of honor at the Lincoln birthday celebration held at the National Democratic club. The three speakers were former Judge D. Cady Herrick, John B. Stanchfield and former Justice Augustus A. Van Wyck. Over 300 members of the club and their guests attended. Judge Herrick, the guest of honor, was the principal speaker. He said:

"We are passing through a time of storm and stress. Our corporations, our business men and business methods have been held up by the chief executive of the nation as corrupt and dishonest and worthy of confidence and respect. If our business men, corporations and business methods are to be held up as corrupt and dishonest, it must be borne in mind that they have grown up and been fostered by nearly fifty years of almost continuous Republican legislation and administration. But I do not believe the indictment. In spite of the example set by the business dealings, by vicious examination and lax administration, by special privileges granted, dishonestly, by permitted and rewards given for political contributions, the great body of our business men remain honest and their business methods correct."

LOGAN WOMAN'S DEATH.

Mrs. John Crowther Passes Away After Short Illness.

Logan, Feb. 11.—Mrs. John Crowther of this city passed away this morning after a short illness. Her husband, John Crowther, who was engineer at the Logan temple from the time it was opened until his death, died last week ago today. After he died, Mrs. Crowther became possessed of the idea that her husband desired her to follow him to the other side and really made no struggle for life. The lady was the mother of Augustus Gordon, editor of the Logan Journal, who is now surviving. She was born in West Wittering, Sussex, England, on Nov. 1, 1829, and had lived in Utah since 1870. She was a woman of refinement and of a less character. Funeral services will likely be held on Friday at 2 p. m. in the tabernacle.

The Central Milling company of this city held its annual meeting yesterday and third dividend was declared. The company has chosen: N. M. Hansen, J. S. Hendricks, H. W. Ballard, John Quayle, C. L. Olsen, George G. Hendricks, H. E. Crockett. The reports showed a profit of \$10,000 and a 10 per cent dividend was declared. The following officers were chosen: G. G. Hendricks, president; H. E. Crockett, secretary and treasurer; N. M. Hansen, manager.

Chronic Constipation Cured.

One who suffers from chronic constipation is in danger of many serious ailments. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup cures chronic constipation, as it aids digestion and stimulates the liver and bowels, restoring the natural action of these organs. Commence taking it today and you will feel better at once. Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup does not nauseate or gripe, and is very pleasant to take. Refuse substitutes. F. J. Hill Drug Co., "The Never Substitutors."

DEATH OF A. M. C. DALBY.

Postmaster at Levan and Ex-Assessor of Juab County—Illness of Short Duration.

Nephi, Feb. 11.—Ex-County Assessor A. M. Christensen Dalby died this morning at 3 o'clock of complicated heart and lung trouble, after a very brief illness of four days. The deceased was a native of Norway, came to this country in 1870, and was postmaster at Levan for several years past, and was prominently engaged in farming and stock raising. He was the principal of the Rexburg State academy, and Bishop Oliver C. Dalby of Rexburg are brothers. He was married and has a wife and several children, two of whom are students at the B. Y. U.

The editor of the Memphis, Tenn., "Times" writes: "In my opinion, Foley's Honey and Tar is the best remedy for coughs, colds and lung trouble, and to my own personal knowledge Foley's Honey and Tar has accomplished more cures than any other remedy. A little short of marvelous." Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. F. J. Hill Drug Co., "The Never Substitutors."

PANGUITCH NEWS NOTES.

Panguitch, Feb. 9.—Last Friday Paul Linford was before the city justice for disturbing the peace and was fined \$5. Paul is a very wayward boy and a confirmed drinker. He is very disagreeable, follows when sober and is to be pitied. On recommendation of the city attorney his father made a promise, as he is a good fellow, and he is to be pitied. Last Thursday a bunch of our young people, under the direction of Phil Lay, gave a very nice theatrical performance entitled "Bought." They did justice to their parts and gave satisfaction to the public. On Friday night a theatrical party and repeated their play to a good-sized audience.

Joseph McCullough, the Panguitch saloonman, was arrested Friday night for selling liquor without a license. City Marshal Dalby ran in on him with a house full of customers. He was taken to jail and arrested and detained all there as witnesses. As some of them were strangers in the city, Mac was arraigned in the court and pleaded not guilty, and the case was set for Monday at 10 o'clock. Mr. Goulding will defend Mac, and City Attorney Hanford will prosecute. This is the first time the city has had a chance to try Mr. McCullough. Panguitch City has no ordinance allowing the sale of liquor, and Mac has been doing quite a business without a license.

The case of measles in our midst is getting along nicely and as yet no other cases have broken out. As the time since the exposure is about up, we are feeling somewhat better about the matter. We hope that we will get off with just the one case.

Special Announcement Regarding the National Pure Food and Drug Law.

We are pleased to announce that Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung troubles is not affected by the National Pure Food and Drug law, as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults. F. J. Hill Drug Co., "The Never Substitutors."

WORK FOR MORE MEN.

St. Louis, Feb. 12.—The Republic Iron and Steel company, in East St. Louis, Ill., put 500 men to work yesterday, and today announcement was made by the National Shaming and Stamping company that 400 extra men will be given employment in the works of the company at Granite City next Monday.

THREE THINGS ARE ESSENTIAL

Melville E. Ingalls Addresses Bankers' Club of Detroit on Future of Business.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 12.—Melville E. Ingalls of Cincinnati, president of the Merchants' National bank of that city and chairman of the board of the Big Four railway, made the address of the evening at the semi-annual banquet today at the Hotel Cadillac of the Bankers' club of Detroit. Former Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw, who early in the evening made an address in Ypsilanti, thirty-five miles away, was hurried into the city in a special car and made a brief talk to the bankers. Mr. Ingalls said in part:

"There are three things which seem to me very essential for the future success of business."

"First—A repeal of the Sherman law and in its stead some better scheme of regulation of the business of the country."

"Second—An addition to our banking laws."

"Third—Peace. Less talk, less legislation, less shrieking and abuses."

"With these three things, two of them acts of legislation and the third a return of good conditions by the great public, we may look for a rapid improvement of our business conditions. I believe the time has come when the recovery from our panic, which started in its acute form four months ago, would be repeal of the Sherman law so-called."

WILL MARCH TO CITY HALL.

Demonstration of Unemployed of Pittsburgh Today.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 12.—Unemployed workmen of the Woods Run district of the north side, formerly Allegheny, at a mass meeting today, organized as the "Employment Seekers of the North Side," and decided to march to the city hall, the seat of government of Greater Pittsburgh, tomorrow morning and demand employment. A file and drum corps will head the procession. Banners with suitable inscriptions have been secured, two of them reading as follows: "We Must Have Work So That We Can Keep Our Starving Families," and "All Idle Workmen Are Welcome in Our Army."

STATE MILITIA DID NOT SAVE THE NEGRO

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 12.—Because of the lynching of the negro Eli Pigott at Brook Haven Monday last, the Mississippi legislature will be called upon to decide whether or not to disband the state militia in times of peace. Senator Harper of Grenada offered a resolution calling for this in the senate today, specifying that it was in view of the Brook Haven lynching. Pigott, charged with assault, was taken from the custody of the militia companies Smith and Brook Haven and shot to death.

KILLED WHILE TRYING TO SCARE A POLICEMAN

Portland, Ore., Feb. 12.—John G. Wetlock, an employee of the city engineer's office, came to his death today while endeavoring to perpetrate a stupid joke on Policeman F. D. Hepper. Hepper is a recent recruit of the police department and was a friend of Wetlock.

Wetlock hid behind a clump of bushes and as Hepper came along stepped in and tried to scare him. The policeman ordered "Hands up."

Hepper drew his pistol from his pocket and shot Wetlock dead.

SIMPLE REMEDY FOR LA GRIPPE

La grippe coughs are dangerous, as they frequently develop into pneumonia. Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the coughs, but heals the lungs, and restores the system. The genuine results need be feared. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar contains no harmful drugs, and is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. F. J. Hill Drug Co., "The Never Substitutors."

WASHINGTON NOTES.

(Special To The Herald.) Washington, Feb. 12.—The president today appointed Albert J. Hopkins postmaster at Levan, Idaho.

Representative Howell today introduced a bill to grant leases of agricultural land to the Comanches and Ute Indian reservation for a term not exceeding 20 years.

Representative French introduced a bill to impose a duty of 65 per cent ad valorem upon all importations of mica.

Wall Paper.

Have it done this week. We will make it at money-saving prices. W. A. DUVALL. Both phones. 110 W. 2d South.

In the Eyes of the Wife

Vienna Bakery bread is always the best. Ask your grocer.

VOTE IN KENTUCKY.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 12.—The ballot for United States senator taken today in joint session of the legislature was without result.

Wall Paper.

Midgley-Bodel Co., 33 East First South.

The Best Printing

Is done by The Century, Salt Lake's printers, 165-167 South West Temple.

Notice.

Members of the National union wishing to receive notice of the annual convention, can do so by communicating at once with W. S. Geiss, state organizer, at 403 Tribune building.

Balsam Sanitissue.

ANTISEPTIC TOILET PAPER.

Treated with pure Canada Balsam.

Fragrant, soft and healing 2 rolls for 25c.

A. P. W. Paper, 12,000 sheets (one year's supply), with nickel plated fixture, \$1.00.

Delivered anywhere.

F. J. Hill Drug Co.

"The Never-Substitutors."

ANOTHER CRACK AT THE SENATE

Discovery Made That Pay of Postmaster Is Being Continued After Rejection.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Postmaster General Meyer today informed the senate that he believes he has the right to continue a postmaster in office even if the man formally has been rejected by the senate. This position raises an issue between an executive department and the senate over the constitutional provision relating to appointments and confirmations of federal officeholders. The communication from the postoffice department relates to the case of William Northrup, postmaster at Pensacola, Fla. Senator Tallaferra discovered recently that Northrup is still drawing the salary as postmaster, in spite of the fact that his nomination was rejected nearly a year ago. At his suggestion the senate called upon the postmaster general for an explanation. The response was brief. Mr. Meyer declared that under the regulations governing appointments he has the authority to continue Northrup in office until his successor has been appointed. His position undoubtedly will create discussion in executive session.

IN POLICE CIRCLES.

William Noonan, a beggar, was sentenced to thirty days with the chain gang by Police Judge Diehl yesterday afternoon. Noonan made an eloquent appeal for release, saying that he asked for aid because he was out of work and hungry. Judge Diehl replied that under present conditions, when free meals are offered to the needy, he could not understand why begging was necessary. J. E. Laughlin, another vagrant, was given fifty days with the chain gang.

David Graham, a cook, who on Jan. 2 shot and slightly wounded Al Donnelly, a bartender, in a West Seventh Temple street saloon, was yesterday sentenced by Police Judge Diehl to pay a fine of \$100 or serve 100 days in the chain gang. As Graham did not have enough money to pay his fine, he went to the chain gang.

John Kiappas, a Greek barber, whose shop is in Commercial street, was fined \$10 yesterday by Justice of the Peace Smith for conducting his business without a license.

Three soldiers, A. L. McNeal, J. C. Murry and Alfred J. Marshall, who were arraigned in the police court yesterday afternoon, charged with beating two Chinese in Plum alley, were placed in the custody of a sergeant from Fort Douglas until today, when the cases against them will be tried. Their alleged Chinese victims claim that Murry and Marshall beat them, while McNeal stood guard with a drawn revolver to prevent other Chinese from taking a hand in the row. The affair created a great commotion in Plum alley.

Mafeo Bernardi, an Italian, who beat Ulysses Fossell, a Greek, was found guilty in the police court, but no fine was imposed.

Douglas Earl, a clerk at the store of H. Dinwoodey Furniture company, failed to appear in the police court yesterday afternoon to pay the \$10 fine imposed a week ago, when he was convicted of using abusive language to a street car conductor. A bench warrant was issued for his arrest. At the time he was sentenced, Earl told Judge Diehl that he did not have \$10 with him, and asked to be allowed a week in which to raise the money. His request was granted.

UNIVERSITY NOTES

A beautiful new American flag was raised on the lofty flag pole at the university yesterday. It was to commemorate Lincoln's birthday.

The French division of the modern language circle will meet this afternoon in the kindergarten rooms. Those who will take part on the program are Charles Houtz, Miss Kate Groo and Miss Hazel Barns.

Those who failed to attain a passing mark in two-thirds of the work during the first semester were, according to the faculty, required to appear before the heads of the departments to present any excuses for their delinquency. About fifty notices were sent out, and of this number about thirty will be required to leave school.

A class in transportation will be started next Monday, and will continue throughout the semester. It will meet two days a week, and Professor Coray will be the instructor.

The normal class which graduates this spring is preparing an elaborate commencement. A committee has been selected to arrange for a class day, which will be presented at the close of the year.

Wall Paper. Have it done this week. We will make it at money-saving prices. W. A. DUVALL. Both phones. 110 W. 2d South.

The Vienna Bakery, boss bread makers. Ask your grocer.

McCoy's livery, carriages and light delivery. Both phones 81.

TOLD TO GET WORK.

Kilereas Convinces Court That He Is Not Insane.

B. R. Kilereas is of the opinion that he is a "good fellow and a desirable citizen." At least, he so informed Judge Armstrong yesterday and the judge was so impressed with his statement that he told him to go to work.

Kilereas was before the court on an insanity charge. The police picked him up several weeks ago while trying to beg a quarter from a passer on the street. While in jail he developed signs of insanity and it was determined to have him examined.

Drs. W. R. Calderwood and F. R. Raley, who conducted the examination, did not think that his condition warranted his being sent to Provo, and after Judge Armstrong had listened to a rather eloquent oration by Kilereas, his insanity character he was allowed to go on the promise that he would find a job.

A taste unsatisfied becomes satisfied--after once enjoying McDonald's Dutch chocolates.

McDonald's, Salt Lake, exclusive manufacturer of fine chocolates.

Any Boy or Girl Can Have

A Pair of Roller Skates

for about

Five Minutes' Work

Call and See

MR. ALDER

at the

Herald Office

and he

will tell you how to get them.

WITNESS IS A BOOMERANG

Saloon Porter Called by State Gives Evidence Valuable to Defense.

The case of the state against George Elliott, charged with burglary, was badly shattered by one of its own witnesses yesterday, much to the discomfort of Frederick C. Loobourou, district attorney.

Elliott is the man accused of breaking into the Court saloon on State and Fourth South streets, about 5 o'clock in the morning of Dec. 6, 1907, and stealing several bottles of whisky and \$140 in cash. Officer Lyons discovered some one in the saloon and shot twice through the window at him as he dashed from the door. Afterward Elliott was arrested in the same saloon, having come in to purchase a drink.

Charles W. McNabb was the man who proved disapplying in the case. He was at the time working in the saloon of Peter Kennedy, 325 South State street, as a "swampster." He testified to hearing the shots fired and then declared that when he heard the shots, Elliott was sitting on a table in the Kennedy saloon while McNabb was sweeping out.

The district attorney attempted to impeach the witness, but was called off by Judge Armstrong after objections by J. H. Bailey, Jr., attorney for Elliott, who said that the state had no right to discredit its own witnesses.

The strongest point made against Elliott was his positive identification by Officer Lyons, who said that he was the man whom he found in the saloon and at whom he fired as he ran out of the door.

The case will be continued today.

EATER OF FREE LUNCHES.

Youth Admits Strenuous Occupation When Arrested for Theft.

While sitting in a chair in a saloon at First South and Commercial streets, yesterday afternoon, John Prizendin was approached by a stranger, who seized his watch and ran from the place. Prizendin pursued. He was joined in the chase by Detective Chase, who was passing. The thief was overtaken at the Portland coffee house, a short distance away. When arrested he had the stolen watch in his possession.

The prisoner, when asked his name, sneeringly said that he was Ole Olson, 75 years old, from Germany, and that his occupation was "eater of free lunches."

He is a young man, roughly clad. The police think that he is a vagabond who wandered into the city with the army of nomads which came here for shelter during the winter.

Salina, Kan., Feb. 1